

Min Marks: 05

**SESSION: 2024-2025** 

# Winter Assignments

WISDOM INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

**BEST DEEN BEST DUNYA** 

Student	Class:	3rd

**Subjects and Teacher's Cell No**: English(7889612954), Maths(6005884694), Evs(7051664778), Islamic Ethic / Arabic(9103228496), Urdu / Kashmiri (6006624361) & Computer (8899093848)



#### NOTE:

- Review these chapters with the help of your instructor.
- Please check assignments before taking them

## **Class 3rd Assignment Islamic Ethics**

#### **ACTIVITY**

#### **ALLAH IS THE CREATOR LESSON NO: 1**

### A: Choose the right word to finish each sentence:

- 1. Allah can create anything out of Nothing.
- 2. There is a Sacred Book which tells us everything about Allah.
- 3. we Muslims value Quran the most
- 4. Reciting the Holy Quran is a way of Praying.
- B: Draw a coloured arrow to finish each statement:
- 1.It is Allah who
- E. Created everything.
- 2. Allah has raised
- A. the seven heavens
- 3. Allah has setup
- D. Moon as a light
- 4. Allah created us so that
- B. We might remain mindful

of him

5.It is Allah

C. Who made the hills.

- C. Allah made the birds. Allah made the animals. Complete the following by giving names of the birds and animals you know. (As given in the example)(Do by yourself)
- 1: Allah made the peacock.
- D: Mention five wonderful things the Quran tells us about Allah.
- 1. Allah created everything.
- 2. Allah has raised the Seven Heaven's.
- 3. Allah has set-up the moon as a light.
- 4 .Allah is All-Knowing.
- 5. Allah is All-Powerful.

## **ALLAH IS EVER-LIVING**

#### **LESSON NO:2**

A: FILL IN THE MISSING WORDS.

1.Allah has no SONS.

2.He has no DAUGHTERS.

3. He is Allah the ONE AND ONLY.

4.He ALONE has full KNOWLEDGE of everything.

5. Not a leaf FALLS but He KNOWS it.

6.He knows all that is HIDDEN from men.

B:Put T before a True statement and F after a False Statement:

1. True

2.False

3.False

4.True

5.True

## C. Match the following:

1. He has most

C. Handsome Names

2.The names are

A. Ninety-Nine.

3. In fact everything B. is in Allahs sight.

# ALLAH CREATED THE FIRST MAN

## **LESSON NO:4**

# A: Answer the Following questions:

1. who created the first man? What was his name?

Ans: Allah created the first Man. His name was Adam

2. who are our first parents?

Ans: Adam and Hawa are our first parents.

3.Are all the people around us the same? Why?

Ans: No.Because some people believe in Allah and some don't believe in Allah.

4. What does Allah want us to do?

Ans: Allah wants us to obey him.

5. Who will be successful? What reward will be given to them?

Those who say "لا الله الا الله محمد الرسول الله " with all their heart will be successful. They will be rewarded with Heaven.

6. What will be the end of those people who deny Allah and his Messengers?

Those who deny Allah and his Messengers will be punished. They will be sent to Hell.

# 3rd Class Arabic Assignment

# **LESSON NO:1**

(الحروف التهجى LEARN)

**LESSON NO:2** 

: سوال نمبر: ا: خالي جگهول من مناسب اسم اشاره مجرے

1: ذَالِكَ

2: هذا

3:ذَالِكَ

4: هٰذَا

5:ذَالِكَ

6:هٰذَا

7:ذَالِكَ

8: هذا

9:ذَالِكَ

10: لَمْذَا

11. ذَالِكَ

12: لهذَا

( Do by yourself ): سوال نمبر ٢: ينج دي موت جملوں كو مناسب الفاظ سے ممل يج

1.قطال

2: وَلَدَ

# 4∷بَيت

اسوال تمبر: ٣: ينج ديه موئ جملول كاعربي من ترجمه ي

- 1 . لهٰذَا وَلَا ٓ
- 2 ذَالِكَ رَجُلُ
- 3 . لَمْذَا قَميضٌ
- 4. دَالِكَ مِندِيلَ
  - 5 ِ لَهٰذَا قُلْمُ"
- 6 . ذَالِكَ مِرسَامٌ
  - 7 . لهذَا كُرسِيٌّ
  - 8 زَالِكَ فِطَارٌ
  - ٥.دایف یعدر٥. اهذا بَابٌ
  - 10. ذَالِكَ بَيتُ

: سوال نمبر: ٢٠: ينج ديه موسع جملون كااردومين ترجمه يجيح

- 1 یہ دروازہ ہے۔
  - 2 وه گھرہے۔
  - 3 بيرومال ہے۔
  - 4 وہ قیص ہے۔
  - 5 بیراونٹ ہے۔

6 وه گدها ې۔

7 يولاكا - 7

8 وه آدی ہے۔

9 يہ پہاڑ ہے۔

10-وہ میدان ہے

## Class 3rd

Subject English.

Lesson no.1 Topic: The Golden Touch.

## Reading

- A. Tick (V) the right options to complete these sentences.
- 1. King Midas was a very rich man because he had Ans. d) lots of gold.
- 2. More than gold, king Midas loved his Ans. c) daughter.
- 3. Every day, King Midas would Ans. b) look at his gold.
- King Midas was not a very happy man because
   Ans. b) he wanted more gold.
- 5. The gold was kept
- b) in a dark room in the king's palace.
- B. Answer these questions.
- Qno.1 Who appeared in the dark room one day?
- Ans. A stranger appeared in the dark room one day.
- Qno.2 What did he ask King Midas?
- Ans. He asked Kind Midas the reason for his sorrow.

Qno.3 Why did the kind say he was unhappy.

Ans. The king said that he was unhappy as he wanted more gold.

Qno.4 What was the king's wish?

Ans. The king wished that whatever he touched would turn into gold.

Qno.5 What did the stranger grant the king?

Ans. The stranger granted the king 'the golden touch'.

## **Using Grammar**

- A. Underline the common nouns in these sentences.
  - 1. The king lived in a big palace.

Common noun: king, palace.

2. His garden was full of blooming flowers.

Common noun : garden, flowers.

3. A stranger appeared in his room suddenly.

Common noun: room

4. The curtains, his bedsheet and his clothes all turned into gold.

Common noun: curtains, bedsheet, clothes.

5. He had to sprinkle water to get everything back to it's original form.

Common: water

- B. Create your own proper nouns in these sentences.
  - 1. The palace that king Midas lived in was called Shinyvale.
  - 2. His daughter's name was Marigold.
  - 3. He lived in the city of Gordion.
  - 4. The river from which water was brought was called pactolus river.
  - 5. The stranger's name was Silenus.
- C. Complete these sentences.
  - 1. The army of soldiers marched past the palace.
  - 2. A pile of unwashed bedsheets lay in the dark room.
  - 3. Every day, a flock of birds visited the Royal garden.
- 4. The king's daughter had a large circle of friends.
- 5. The river was surrounded by a clump of trees.
- 6. A herd of cattle grazed in the field.
- D. Unscramble the words to get the collective nouns.
- 1. A hoard of gold.
- 2. A litter f puppies.
- 3. A pack of cards
- 4. A crowd of people.

## Using Words

A. Underline the right synonyms.

1. Happy 2. Wealthy 3. Sensible 4. Valuable 5. Happy 6. Vanished

B. Match the words in column A with their opposites in column B.

Α

B

1. Bright

b. full

2. Difficult

a. easy

3. Quiet

d. noisy

4. Tide

e. Untidy

5. Wide

narrow

Lesson no. 2Topic: The Fortunate Pedlar

A. Answer these questions.

Qno.1 Where did the pedlar live?

Ans. The pedlar lived in a place called Norfolk in England.

Qno.2 What did the pedlar do for a living?

Ans. The pedlar used to go from one place to another selling things to earn a living.

Mantes ...

## Qno3.What did he tell his wife?

Ans. He told his wife that for the past ne week, he had been having a strange dream.

Qno.4 Why didn't he bother to go to London at first?

Ans. The pediar finally decided to go to London because that dream persisted and he wanted peace of mind.

- B. Choose the right options to answer these questions.
- 1. Why did the pediar finally decide to go to London?

Ans. a) He wanted peace of mind as the dream persisted.

2. Why did the pedlar feel like a fool in London?

Ans. c) Every day, he stood on the bridge waiting for something to happen, but it didn't.

- Using Grammar.
- A. Write these words in the plural form.
- 1. Coin coins 2. Garden Gardens 3. Statue statues 4. Year years 5. Year years
- 6. Thing Things 7. Dream dreams 8. Tree Trees 9. House houses 10. Week -weeks
- B. Write these words in the plural form.
- 1. Watch watches 2. Brush brushes 3. Bunch bushes 4. Bus buses 5. Church- churches

habitoes -

6. Class - classes 7. Glass - glasses 8. Dish - dishes 9. Dress - dresses 10. Fox - foxes

C. Complete this paragraph with suitable articles.

Under an oak tree lay a chest full of many valuable things. It contained an old gold coins, astonishing piece of jewellery. The pedlar and his wife were so delighted with their riches that they lived happily ever after. They took great care of a tree and used a chest to store all their beautiful things.

## Poem: I Meant to Do My Work Today.

A. DO YOURSELF(PART A)

B. Answer these questions.

Qno.1 What did the poet mean to do that day?

Ans. The poet meant to do his work that day.

Qno.2 What stopped him form doing what he meant to do?

Ans. The brown bird, the rainbow, the butterfly, the wind and the leaves stopped him from doing his work that day.

Qno.3 What did the poet eventually do?

Ans. The poet left his work and went outside.

C. Think and answer.

Qno.1 is the poem about a child or an adult? Give reason for your answer.

Ans. The poet is a child. A child easily gets distracted by the things outside.

Qno.2 And all the leaves were calling me. What do you think they might have been saying?

Ans. The leaves were probably asking the poet to join them outside.

Qno.3 Give another title to this poem?

Ans. 'I did not do my work today.'

WISDOM INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL - BEST DEEN BEST DUNYA	Page No. 00
Mahtu 2	
Chapter 3	
A	
Good manneus	
Carring Carrin Carring Carring Carring Carring Carring Carring Carring Carring	
1	
Ans 1: Good manners can be define proper way of doing beings or behaving.	ed as a
	1 1
proply way of cloing blings on	seules for
last wing	0
Denoung.	
<b>1</b>	2.00
Ans 2: When we meet some quest	we showa:
_ 1. Gueil them.	
- Officer	
_ 2. Show them around.	
_ 3. Invite Them back.	
Ams 3: We should say Thank you	
A	
Ams 4: At the dinner lable we show	eld not do
. 7 11 1/10 15	•
-> Don't talk with your mouth ful -> Never eat with your mouth open	<i>!</i> •
Never Pat With MANY mouth other	
There are the first of the	
,	·
T	
0-[x]	
<u> </u>	
$3-\sqrt{\times}$ $[0-\sqrt{\times}]$	
4-14	1
8- [V]	
6 -   V	
1- [X]	
	(1)

Class: 3rd

**Assignment: Mathematics** 

#### 1. Numbers Up To 10000

#### **My Practice Time 1**

- Q1. Write the following numbers in words.
  - a, 1365 One thousand three hundred sixty-five.
  - b. 6795 Six thousand seven hundred ninety-five.
  - c. 2105 Two thousand one hundred five.
  - d. 9990 Nine thousand nine hundred ninety.
  - e. 2151 Two thousand one hundred fifty-one. (Do the remaining parts yourself)
- Q2. Write in numerals.
  - a. One thousand three hundred ten 1310
  - b. Six thousand ninety-four 6094
  - c. Two thousand four hundred forty-five 2445
  - d. Five thousand six hundred thirteen 5613
  - e. Nine thousand four hundred sixty-seven 9467 (Do the remaining parts yourself)
- Q3. Fill in the missing numbers.
  - a. 1249, 1250 , 1251 , 1252 , 1253.
  - b.8196, 8197 , 8198, 8199 , 8200 .
  - c. 1238, <u>1239</u>, <u>1240</u>, 1241, 1242.
  - d. 1560, <u>1561</u>, 1562, <u>1563</u>, <u>1564</u>
  - e. <u>1789</u> , <u>1790</u> , <u>1791</u> , <u>1792</u> , <u>1793</u>
  - (Do remaining parts yourself)
- Q4. Count forward and write the next five numbers.
  - a. 8996, 8997, 8998, 8999, 9000, 9001
  - b. 3485, 3486, 3487, 3488, 3489, 3450
  - (Do remaining parts yourself)
- Q5. Count backwards and write the previous five numbers.
  - a. 3187, 3186, 3185, 3184, 3183, 3182
  - b. 5167, 5166, 5165, 5164, 5163, 5162

#### My Practice Time 2

- Q1. Find the place value of the underlined digits.
  - a. 61<u>4</u>9
  - Sol. 40

b. 5<u>1</u>79 Sol. 100

c. 6044

Sol. 4

d. 3196

Sol. 3000

(Do remaining parts yourself)

Q2. Find the face value of the underlined digits.

a. 6<u>8</u>41

Sol. 8

b. 2685

Sol. 2

c. 8<u>5</u>65

Sol. 5

d. 8468

Sol. 8

Q3. (Do it yourself)

#### My Practice Time 3

- Q1. Write the following numbers in expanded form.
  - 4600

Sol. 4000 + 600 + 80

b. 3126

Sol. 3000 +100 + 20 + 6

c. 6790

Sol. 6000 + 700 + 90

(Do remaining parts yourself)

Q2. Write the standard numerals for the following.

a. 7000 + 80 + 7

Sol. 7087

b. 2000 + 600 + 50 + 3

Sol. 2553

c. 1000 + 300 + 2

Sol. 1302 (Do remaining parts yourself)

Q3. Write the successor of the following.

a. 9315

Sol. Successor of 9315 = 9315 + 1

= 9316

b. 4369

Sol. Successor of 4369 = 4369 + 1

= 4370

c. 1672

Sol. Successor of 1672 = 1672 + 1

= 1673

Q4. Write the predecessor of the following numbers.

a. 1461

Sol. Predecessor of 1461 = 1461 - 1

= 1460

b. 2795

Sol. Predecessor of 2795 = 2795 - 1

= 2794

c. 1319

Sol. Predecessor of 1319 = 1319 - 1

= 1318

#### My Practice Time 4

Q1. Rewrite the following numbers in ascending order.

a. 1462, 1426, 1319, 1391

Sol. 1319, 1391, 1426, 1462

b. 1002, 1020, 7562, 7652

Sol. 1002, 1020, 7562, 7652

c. 4196, 9169, 4691, 4619

Sol. 4196, 4619, 4691, 9169

(Do remaining parts yourself)

Q2. Rewrite the following numbers in descending order.

a. 1759, 1638, 1854, 1010

Sol. 1854, 1759, 1638, 1010

c. 2446, 2264, 2462, 2624 Sol. 2624, 2462, 2446, 2264 (Do remaining parts yourself)

Q3. Tick ( ) the even numbers.

a. 2143, 2156 \( \times\), 1157, 3895, 1168 \( \times\), 1141

b. 4149, 2056 √, 1135, 4701, 3849, 5150 ✓

c. 2526 √, 3139, 4115, 8060 √, 3136 √, 3147

d. 2525, 3857, 5156 √, 2585, 2185, 2778 √

Q4. Tick (✓) the odd numbers.

a. 2054, 2866, 8579 √, 4856, 9879 √, 8065 √

b. 5649 √, 8178, 5438, 2156, 4538, 2001 √

c. 6075 V, 1664, 3198, 9878, 2096, 4560

d. 3431 ✓, 2460, 3198, 8666, 5158, 2485 ✓

#### My Practice Time 5

Q1. Round off the following numbers to the nearest 10's.

a. 125

Sol. 5 = 5

.. the ten's place gets rounded off to next ten and one's place becomes 0 Hence 125 gets rounded off to 130

b. 456

Sol. 6 > 5

:the ten's place gets rounded off to next ten and one's place becomes 0 Hence 456 gets rounded off to 460

c. 3127

Sol. 7 > 5

.. the ten's place gets rounded off to next ten and one's place becomes 0 Hence 3127 gets rounded off to 3130

d. 1863

Sol. 3 < 5

.: the ten's place remains the same and one's place becomes 0 Hence 1863 gets rounded of to 1860

e. 2175

Sol. 5 = 5

.. the ten's place gets rounded off to next ten and one's place becomes 0 Hence 2175 gets rounded off to 2180

Q2. Round off the following numbers to the nearest 100's.

a. 456

Sol. 5 = 5

∴the hundred's place gets rounded off to the next hundred and ten's and one's place becomes 0 Hence, 456 gets rounded off to 500

b. 3859

Sol. 5 = 5

∴the hundred's place gets rounded off to the next hundred and ten's and one's place becomes 0 Hence, 3859 gets rounded off to 3900

c. 4162

Sol. 6 > 5

.. the hundred's place gets rounded off to the next hundred and ten's and one's place becomes 0 Hence, 4162 gets rounded off to 4200

d. 1416

Sol. 1 < 6

:the hundred's place remains the same and ten's and one's place becomes 0 Hence, 1416 gets rounded off to 1400

e. 3216

Sol. 1 < 6

:the hundred's place remains the same and ten's and one's place becomes 0 Hence, 3216 gets rounded off to 3200

Q3. Choose the correct answer

a. 432 when rounded off to the nearest 10's, becomes: III. 430

II. 330 i. 440

iv. 420

Ans. iii

b. 4869 when rounded off to nearest 100's becomes:

1. 4870

ii. 4900

iii. 4100

lv. 5000

Ans. ii

c. 1006 when rounded off to nearest 10's becomes:

I. 1010

II. 1100

III. 1001

iv. 1000

Ans. i

[Check your performance by solving the worksheet (pg 15)]

## 2. Addition

## My Practice Time 1

## Q1. Find the sum.

a.

1 to House	T	0
· 4	7 -	8
+	2	1
4	9	9

e.

е.		
H	T	0
2	2	6
+4	0	1
6	2	7.

(Do remaining parts yourself)

## Q2. Add the following.

a.

Th	H	T	0
	1	9	8
+	9	2	0
1	1	1	8

d.

u.	de la deligio de la contra		
Th	Н	T	0
free Alston	6	6	2
+	5	5	5
1	2	1	7

ø.

Th	H	T	0
Anglia Hira	7	2 [	3
+	6	5	9
1	3	8	2

(Do remaining parts yourself)

## **My Practice Time 2**

## Q1. Add the following.

a.

Th	Н	T	0
greek .	3	1	1
	1	6	2

_	9	3	5
	4	0	8

d.			
Th	Н	T	0
	6	1	6
	4	. 1	2
+	3	1	1
San	3	3	9

(Do remaining parts yourself)

#### Q2. Arrange the following in columns and add.

a. 256 + 472 + 396

Sol.

Th	Н	T	0
	2	5	6
	4	7	2
+	3	9	6
1	1	2	4

c. 314 + 841 + 76

Sol.

Th	H	M. Tou	0
P. A. College	3	1	4
	8	4	1
+	N Go	7.	6
1	2	3	1

(Do remaining parts yourself)

#### My Practice Time 3

#### Q1. Add the following.

a

G. C.			21 22 345
Th	Н	T	0
7	4	1	8
÷ + -	4	3	1
7	8	4	9

b.

	10 S 14 A	7 78.	Karata di La
Th ,	H	i T	0
1	5	6	9
+		3	0
1	5	9	9

e.

		111	
Th	Н	, <b>T</b>	.0

5	2	1	6
+3	2	5	2
8	4	6	8 10 40

(Do remaining parts yourself)

Q2. Arrange the following in columns and add.

a. 2105 + 1073

Sol.

Th	Н	Ť	0
2	1	0	5
+1	0	7	3
3	1	7	8

C.

		1.70	1136
Th	H	· **	0
2	1	2	4
3	1	4	0
+	2	1	4
5	4	7	8

e.

Th	Н	T	0
- 4	6	2 1	1
3	1	2	1
+1	1	5 1	1
8	8	9	3

(Do remaining parts yourself)

- Q3. Find the sum of the following:
  - a. 5 thousands 6 hundreds 2 tens 2 ones and 2 thousands 3 hundreds 4 tens 6 ones
  - Sol. 5 thousands 6 hundreds 2 tens 2 ones = 5622
  - 2 thousands 3 hundreds 4 tens 6 ones = 2346

Sum = 5622 + 2346 = 7968

(Do part b yourself)

#### My Practice Time 4

Q1. (Do it yourself)

Q2. Tick  $\checkmark$  the sum which involves regrouping. Also find the sum.

a. 4352 + 2679

Sol. 4352 + 2679 = 7031, ✓

b. 6147 + 1986

Sol 6147 + 1986 = 8133, ✓

## Q3. (Do it yourself)

## Q4. Find the sum of the following.

- a. 2 thousands 7 hundreds 5 tens 7 ones and 3 thousands 2 hundreds 3 tens 8 ones
- Sol. 2 thousands 7 hundreds 5 tens 7 ones = 2757
- 3 thousands 2 hundreds 3 tens 8 ones = 3238

- b. 5 thousands 1 hundreds 6 tens 5 ones and 2 thousands 5 hundreds 2 tens 4 ones
- Sol. 5 thousands 1 hundreds 6 tens 5 ones = 5165
- 2 thousands 5 hundreds 2 tens 4 ones = 2524

(Do remaining parts yourself)

- Q5. Add the following numbers horizontally.
  - a.1629 + 3165 + 4153
  - Sol. (1629 + 3165) + 4153
  - = 4794 + 4153
  - =8947
  - b. 3829 + 1065 + 1072
  - Sol. (3829 + 1065) + 1072
  - = 4894 + 1072
  - = 5966
  - (Do remaining parts yourself)

## My Practice Time 5

#### Q1. Fill in the blanks.

a. 
$$314 + 0 = 314$$
.

- c. 3210 + 1002 = 1002 + 3210.
- d. <u>1577</u> + 1 = 1578.
- e. 0 + 4275 = 4275.
- f. 1257 + 200 = 200 + 1257.

#### Q2. Tick the correct option.

a. 
$$3314 + 0 = 3313$$

$$\times$$

cv 2553 + 1 = 2552 d.6229 + 0 = 6230

X

#### My Practice Time 6

Q1. In 2013, there were 454 students in a Junior school. In the next year, 189 more students joined. What was the school strength in 2014?

Sol. No of students in 2013 = 454

No. of more students who joined = 189

Total school strength in 2014 = 454 + 189 = 643

Q2. (Do It yourself)

Q3. There are 462 apples, 206 mangoes, and 411 bananas in a fruit shop. Find the total number of fruits in the shop.

Sol. No. of apples in the shop = 462

No. of mangoes in the shop = 206

No. of bananas in the shop = 411

.. Total no. of fruits in the shop = 462 + 206 + 411 = 1079

Q4. (Do it yourself)

Q5. There are 4530 girls and 3428 boys in a school. How many students are there altogether?

Sol. No. of girls = 4530

No. of boys = 3428

∴Total no. of students = 4530 + 3428 = 7958

Q6. In 2012, there were 6987 people in a village. In 2013, the population increased by 1289. How many people are there now?

Sol. No of people in a village = 6987

increment in the population = 1289

∴Total no. of population = 6987 + 1289 = 8276

Q7. Q8. and Q9 (Do it yourself)

Q10. There are 4213 men, 2050 women, and 1636 children in a hockey stadium. What is the total number of people in the stadium?

Sol. No. of men = 4213

No. of women = 2050

No. of children = 1636

Total no. of people in the stadium = 4213+2050+1636=7899

Q11. A bicycle factory manufactured 2173 bicycles in the first month, 1753 bicycles in the second month, and 2068 bicycles in the third month. How many bicycles in total were manufactured in 3 months?

Sol. Bicycles manufactured in first month = 2173

Bicycles manufactured in second month = 1753

Bicycles manufactured in third month = 2068

Total no. of bicycles manufactured in 3 months = 2173 + 1753 + 2068 = 5994

[Check your performance by solving the worksheet (pg 30)]

Class 3rd. Lesson no	ი 1
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<ul><li>A. Tick (→) the correct</li><li>Doctors use computers</li></ul>	
<ul><li>a) patients</li><li>b) customers</li><li>c) clients</li><li>Ans ) patients.</li></ul>	
· can store large	e amount of data.
<ul><li>a) Computer</li><li>b) Television</li><li>c) Refrigerator</li><li>Ans) computer.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Computers can solve t</li> </ul>	oig calculations in:
<ul><li>a) few hours</li><li>b) few seconds</li><li>c) few minutes</li><li>Ans) few seconds</li></ul>	
Computer works on	cycle.
a) OIP b) POI c) IPO Ans) IPO	
B. Fill in the blanks. tired. different. accur Computers are used in	
Computers are used to	store list of items and prepare
Computer never gets _	
A computer always give	es results.

- Wrong input leads to wrong output. It is called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
   Ans) different, bills, tired, accurate, GIGO.
  - D. Write one word for the following characteristics of a computer.
- Storing large amount of data Ans) Storage .
- Never gets tired
  - Ans) Diligence.
- Ability to do various tasks at the same time.
  - Ans) Multi-tasking .
- Performing its task very fast

Ans ) speed .

E. Answer the following questions.

Q1)In which fields computers are being used nowadays?

Q2)Write any two characteristics of computer.

Q3) What do you understand by Input  $\rightarrow$  Process  $\rightarrow$  Output cycle on which a computer works?

## Answers:

Ans1)Computers are used in a wide range of fields nowadays, including:

- Education: For online learning, research, and administrative tasks.
- Healthcare: For patient records, medical imaging, diagnosis, and research.
- Business: For accounting, data analysis, marketing, and communication.
- Entertainment: For gaming, streaming, and creating content.

**Engineering and Design:** For CAD software, simulations, and product development.

- Science and Research: For data analysis, simulations, and complex calculations.
- Manufacturing: For controlling robots, automation, and quality control.
   Ans2) Two characteristics of computers are:
- Speed: They can process vast amounts of data quickly.
- Accuracy: They perform calculations and tasks with precision.

Ans3) The Input → Process → Output cycle is the fundamental way computers work:

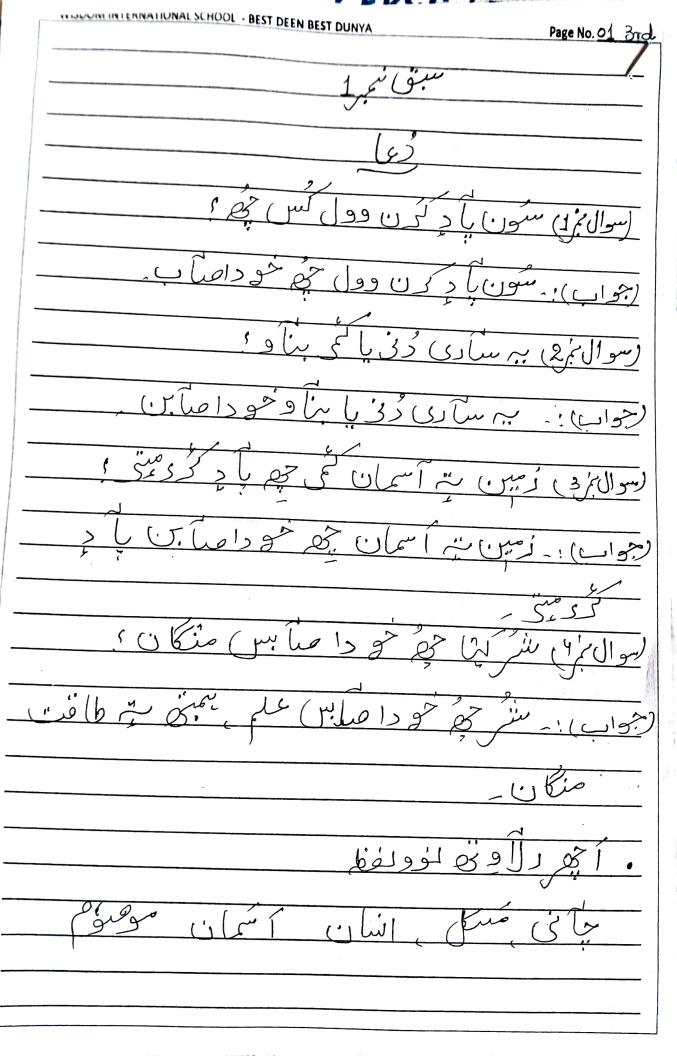
- Input: The computer receives data from the user or other sources, such as a keyboard, mouse, or sensor.
- Process: The computer processes the data using algorithms and instructions, transforming it into useful information.
- Output: The computer presents the processed information to the user in a meaningful way, such as on a screen, through a printer, or by controlling other devices.

( Widy (سوال بن اعریسی زندگی کی خوابش کریا ہے، جواب سی کو رئی ایسی زندگی کی خواشی کر رئا سے جو دوسروں کے سے فارہ معزد ہو۔ ابعد ان کی زندگی شمع کی ماننہ سو جو اندھروں) 7 b ( r' ( y i i i i de) i j (2 i j l j d j ) (جواب) سٹا ہر اپنے وطن کی زیبرت اپنی عابدا یر جو مُوسُو خوبعو رتی اور سکون کا بایدت یہو یا لیکی ویسے جیسے بعول ہمن میں بوتے (سول بڑھ) سائ علم کے ساتھ لیسی عیدن رخواب): مین عرف کے ساک حاست سے سے کروائے

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